## **Building ground**







**ASKING PRICE** 

€315,000



Avenue de l'Hélianthe 54 1180 Uccle



404 m² land surface



Width: 18 m, Depth: 31.63 m



Your We Invest advisor supports you from A to Z in all your real estate projects. Working with a We Invest real estate agency means you are guaranteed personalized professional support in the purchase and/or sale of your property.

Questions about your real estate project? We have the answers!

## We Invest Bruxelles-Est



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Place Communale d'Auderghem 1 1160 Auderghem



Sales Manager IPI 507630



Find this property on our website!

## Characteristics

# General information

| Availability     | 06-07-2023      |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Type of property | Building ground |

### Outdoor

| Width of the plot          | 18 m    |
|----------------------------|---------|
| Depth of the plot          | 31.63 m |
| Buildable area of the plot | 97 m²   |

## Urbanistic information

| Building permission                        | Yes   |
|--|---|
| Parcelling permission                      | Yes   |
| Land use designation                       | Residential park                                      |
| Proceedings for breaches (Type of summons) | No legal correction or administrative measure imposed |
| Flooding area                              | No Flood risk   |

## Finances

Subject to VAT No

## Photos

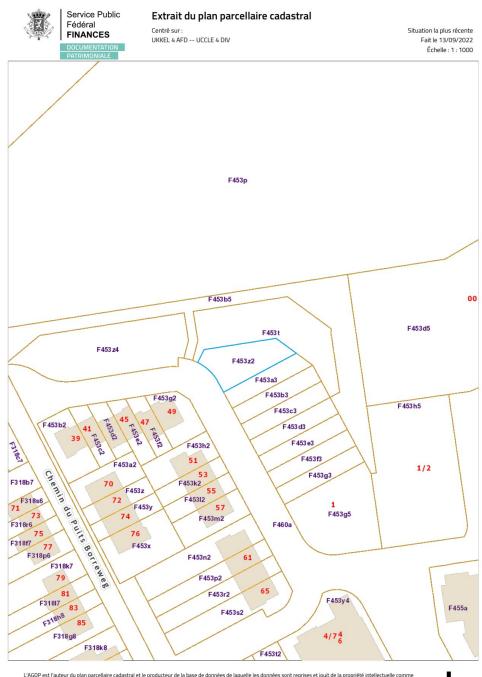








## Plans



L'AGDP est l'auteur du plan parcellaire cadastral et le producteur de la base de données de laquelle les données sont reprises et jouit de la propriété intellectuelle comme repris dans la loi sur les droits d'auteurs et les droits des bases de données. Depuis le 01/01/2018 les bâtiments du plan parcellaire cadastral seront repris progressivement et remplacés par un set de données le Jen, ReBu autrement dit Bâtiment Régionaux) géré par les régions. L'AGDP ne sera dès lors plus responsable pour la représentation des bâtiments sur le plan parcellaire cadastral.



Little tip: measurements are not always 100% perfect. A margin of error should be taken into account. So, before puzzling over your favorite wardrobe, apply a safety margin!



### **Our Tips for a Successful Visit**



#### **BEFORE THE VISIT**



Carefully review this **brochure** of the property, where you will find all the necessary information to ensure that your essential criteria are well covered.

It is also strongly advised to make arrangements with your banker in advance to determine your lending capacity, so you can be adapt your search criteria if necessary.

#### **ENVIRONMENT**

On the day of the visit, arrive a bit early to get familiar with the **neighborhood**. Check the proximity of shops, transportation, and services if it's important to you. Don't hesitate to **speak to** the neighbors and ask them some questions about the neighborhood.



#### **BUILDING STRUCTURE**

From the outside, inspect the condition of the facade, roof, frames, and windows. Inside, check the condition of loadbearing walls. Note that a small crack is not necessarily a concern, all buildings shift over the years. In case of moisture, make sure to distinguish between that caused by poor ventilation and structural dampness.



#### **LAYOUT**

Ensure that the size and layout of the rooms align with your needs. Identify storage spaces and consider the possibilities for renovating the basement and attic, as well as the available facilities for your car or bike.



#### **ENERGY CONSUMPTION**

Familiarize yourself with the energy performance and energysaving solutions in place. For this, the PEB certificate will be your best ally! It will provide you with a clear idea of the condition and age of various systems, the roof, insulation, and the type of glazing. You will also find valuable recommendations to further improve the energy efficiency.



#### **CONVENIENCE**

During the visit, remember to check the water pressure and the compliance of the electrical system. Also, verify the presence of an adequate number of electrical outlets, water connections (especially for the washing machine), and internet, phone, and television connections. Finally, assess the sound insulation and the quality of the ventilation system.



#### **FOR CONDOMINIUMS**

If the property is part of an apartment building, it is referred to as a condominium. There are common expenses to be paid (operating and reserve funds). Inquire about the costs included in these charges: is it only for the maintenance of common areas, or does it also cover some provisions for your personal consumption? For an informed purchase, request the meeting notes of previous general meetings to know which works are planned or costs to be expected.





Access to a series of documents that will give you an idea of the building's history can be useful, such as the Dossier of Post-Interventions, which lists all the work carried out by the owner. A visit to the municipality will provide you with all the necessary information.



### **Calculating property costs**

ON TOP OF THE PURCHASE PRICE

The purchase price of a property is increased by taxes and additional costs, known as notary fees. These costs include registration fees, administrative costs and fees related to the purchase. If you use a mortgage to finance your purchase, mortgage costs are also added.



On the website notaris.be/notaire.be you can easily do a first estimation of these costs. Please note, this is always an estimate. Contact your notary to find out the exact total amount.



### More information about a purchase?

Our blog, written by real estate experts, will help you get your first property purchase off on the right foot.

weinvest.be The blog!

## Steps of buying a property

#### 1. DETERMINE YOUR BUDGET

Based on your real income, the bank will determine your borrowing capacity. Together with your initial capital (own funds), this forms your budget.

#### 3. MAKING AN OFFER

The owner can accept, refuse or counter-bid your offer. Be careful! Every offer is legally binding.

#### 5. FINANCING YOUR DREAM HOME

Here, too, it is important to negotiate with several banks. By contacting multiple banks you will obtain the best loan that suits your financial situation.

#### 7. NOTARIAL INVESTIGATION

Within a period of four months, the notary will carry out various fiscal, administrative and legal investigations. Once all information has been gathered, the deed of sale can be drawn up and reviewed.

#### 9. TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP

After the registration in the mortgage office by the notary, you will receive the title deed of your property with the stamps from the tax authorities. Keep these well.



begin! Define your search criteria and save them so you will be informed when a property that meets your requirements comes on the market.

#### 4. NEGOTIATE

Ask your real estate agent or a trusted person to help you with this step. After the negotiations and initial signature, the sale is in principle final.

#### 6. SIGNING THE SALES AGREEMENT

Once the financing is complete, the sales agreement can be signed. This makes the sale final. The agreement is signed by the estate agent or the notary.

+ You pay a deposit worth 5-10% of the purchase price.

#### 8. SIGNATURE OF THE SALES DEED

You sign the deed of sale at the notary's office. There you will also receive the keys to your new home. You can finally move in!

+ You pay the remaining amount plus registration fees and notarial/mortgage costs.





Congratulations!

